WHAT HAPPENS WHEN STATES ACT TO PRESERVE THEIR NUCLEAR FLEETS?

Customers get resilient, reliable carbon-free energy and electricity prices remain stable

Illinois, New York, Connecticut, and New Jersey have all taken action to ensure the benefits of nuclear power are properly valued and their local plants remain operational.

State Policy	Benefit To Cost Ratio	Impact on Consumers
New York's Public Service	The New York Clean Energy	Energy prices for New York consumers remain lower than the rate of inflation.
Commission approved the	Standard is estimated to	
Clean Energy Standard	benefit New York state	New York ZEC program compliance began in April 2017.
(CES), a 12-year plan that	residents at a ratio of 70 to 1,	
values the environmental,	with \$3.2 billion higher	The average price of electricity, according to the EIA ² , for New York residential
reliability, and economic	economic activity, \$1.7 billion	customers was 18.53 cents per kWh in 2018, versus 18.54 per kWh in 2015 and 17.59
benefits of nuclear power	lower electricity costs, and	cents per kWh in 2016 – inside the normal range of yearly price changes.
and ensures the continued	environmental benefits of \$700	
operation of three nuclear	million annually, according to	
plants in upstate New York	analysis from the Brattle	
in 2017.	Group. ¹	
Illinois passed a	The Illinois ZEC program is	Energy prices for Illinois consumers has remained virtually the same, after the ZEC
comprehensive clean	estimated to benefit Illinois	program was enacted.
energy bill (FEJA) that	state residents at a rate of 8 to	
included a Zero Emissions	1, with \$1.2 billion higher	The Illinois ZEC program compliance began in June 2017.
Credit program that placed	economic activity, \$260 million	
a value on the emissions-	lower costs, and environmental	The average price of electricity, according to the EIA ⁴ , for Illinois residential customers
free power created by	benefits of nearly \$1 billion	was 12.55 cents per kWh in 2018, versus 12.54 per kWh in 2016. For all customer
nuclear plants in 2017.	annually, according to analysis	classes, the average price of electricity ⁵ , according to the EIA, was 9.46 cents per kWh in
	from Illinois state government	2018, versus 9.38 per kWh in 2016. Energy prices stayed virtually the same even though
	agencies. ³	inflation ⁶ was 4.6 percent over the same time period.

¹ http://files.brattle.com/files/5830 comments on the new york dps (2).pdf

² https://www.eia.gov/electricity/monthly/

³ http://www.ilga.gov/reports/special/Report Potential%20Nuclear%20Power%20Plant%20Closings%20in%20IL.pdf

⁴ https://www.eia.gov/electricity/monthly/

⁵ https://www.eia.gov/electricity/monthly/

⁶ https://fred.stlouisfed.org/graph/?g=n7CZ

Connecticut's legislature enacted a bill to support Connecticut's nuclear generation in October 2017. The legislation leveled the state's playing field by allowing nuclear energy to compete with other carbonfree resources in the solicitation process for power-producing contracts.	The Connecticut nuclear bill has contributed \$1.3 billion to economic activity annually, according to a modeling analysis from the Nuclear Energy Institute. ⁷	The programs have no data yet to show as they are still in the process of being implemented.
New Jersey's legislature enacted comprehensive clean energy legislation that values the environmental, reliability, and economic contributions of nuclear energy and will help ensure the continued operation of two nuclear plants in New Jersey.	The New Jersey ZEC program has been projected to benefit New Jersey state economic activity by \$809 million annually, according to analysis from the Brattle Group.8	

https://www.nei.org/CorporateSite/media/filefolder/resources/reports-and-briefs/economic-impacts-millstone-power-station-201701.pdf
http://files.brattle.com/files/13065 11755 salem and hope creek nuclear power plants contribution to the new jersey economy1.pdf